MERIT Reading Benchmark 2 Review

Read the poem, and answer the following questions.

The Brook

Written by : Alfred, Lord Tennyson

	written by : Atfreu, Lora Tennyson						
1	I came from haunts of coot and hern,	7	I wind about, and in and out,				
	I make a sudden sally		With her a blossom sailing				
	And sparkle out among the fern,		And here and there a lusty trout,				
	To bicker down a valley.		And here and there a grayling,				
2	By thirty hills I hurry down,	8	And here and there a foamy flake				
	Or slip between the ridges,		Upon me, as I travel				
	By twenty thorpes, a little town,		With many a silvery waterbreak				
	And half a hundred bridges.		Above the golden gravel,				
3	Till last by Philip's farm I flow	9	And draw them all along, and flow				
	To join the brimming river,		To join the brimming river				
	For men may come and men may go,		For men may come and men may go,				
	But I go on forever.		But I go on forever.				
4	I chatter over stony ways,	10	I steal by lawns and grassy plots,				
	In little sharps and trebles,		I slide by hazel covers;				
	I bubble into eddying bays,		I move the sweet forget-me-nots				
	I babble on the pebbles.		That grow for happy lovers.				
5	With many a curve my banks I fret	11	I slip, I slide, I gloom, I glance,				
	By many a field and fallow,		Among my skimming swallows;				
	And many a fairy foreland set		I make the netted sunbeam dance				
	With willow-weed and mallow.		Against my sandy shallows.				
6	I chatter, chatter, as I flow	12	And out again I curve and flow				
	To join the brimming river,		To join the brimming river,				
	For men may come and men may go,		For men may come and men may go,				
	But I go on forever.		But I go on forever.				
1. This	poem describes the path of a brook						
	A. up a mountain	C. from its source to its	s end				
	B. through a busy city	D. on its way over a wa	terfall				
o =1							
2. The p	ooet seems to be saying that nature	•					
	A. is more powerful than any machine.	C. cannot keep	up with the growth of cities				
	B. will go on no matter what people do	D. can teach us	s many things if only we would listen				
3. Tenn	yson uses alliteration in "The Brook" to _						
	A. make the poem longer	C. heln add hu	mor to the poem				
		•	D. imitate the sounds of flowing water				
	B. help create a rhyme scheme	sourius or nowing water					

4. The following line, "For men may come and men may go" is an example of what type of sound?							
A. alliteration	C. simile						
B. metaphor	D. onomatopoeia						
Read the following passage, and answer the questions below.							
but they do not keep it clean. For thre eyesore. Now their parents are coming they will have to work fast. There is du Rachel and Eve roll up their sl the bad food, and Rachel mops the floor	way on vacation to St. Simons Island. Rachel and her sister, Eve, are taking care of the house, e weeks, they do nothing. They let the house get dirtier and dirtier. It looks like a total g back later today. The girls aren't sure when their parents will arrive. Rachel and Eve know ast on the shelves. The floor has mud all over it, and there is rotten food in the kitchen. eeves and go to work. First, Rachel sweeps the floor while Eve dusts. Next, they throw out ors. All this takes many hours. At the end, the girls are very tired, but the house is sparkling d ten minutes when the door opens. Their mother comes in and looks around. "You girls						
 L. What problem did Rachel and Eve face? A. Their mother wasn't pleased with them. B. They didn't go with their parents on vacation. C. They fought about how to clean the house. D. The house was a mess, and their parents were coming home. 							
2. Something that is an <i>eyesore</i> is							
A. ugly and unattractive	C. very old and valuable						
B. an infection	D. delicate and easily broken						
3. What organizational structure w	as used in this passage?						
A. classification	C. chronological order						
B. cause and effect	D. compare and contrast						
4. A good title for this selection is _							
A. "A Last-Minute Clean Up	C. "Rotten Meat"						
B. "Rachel and Eve"	D. "Mopping the Floor"						
5. Use text evidence to explain how Rachel and Eve solved their problem.							